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Attachments:

Test Worksheet for the Water Lines - Leakage Test

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 Scope

- A. These Specifications cover the furnishing and installation of potable water lines, valves, fittings, and related appurtenances. This work includes, unless otherwise specified, furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals required to construct a complete water line ready for service as outlined in the Specifications.
- B. Requirements for excavation and backfill of trenches, surface restoration, traffic control, and special appurtenance, etc., are specified under other Technical Specifications, when applicable.
- C. Items specified in this Technical Specification are intended to be broad in scope and may not always apply to all items of Work to be constructed.

1.2 Specifications References

Specification references made herein for manufactured materials such as pipe, valves, and fittings refer to designations for the American Water Works Association (AWWA), American National Standards Institute, Inc. (ANSI) or to the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) as they are effective on the date of call for Bids.

1.3 Interruption of Utility Service

See the "Existing Utilities" section of the General Requirements.

1.4 Delivery, Storage, and Handling

- A. Adequate precautions shall be taken to prevent damage to piping and protective coatings. During transporting, pipe and other materials shall be secured individually by use of wood spacer blocks, wood crates, or otherwise protected to prevent collision of individual pieces and accompanying damage.
- B. Where possible, all materials furnished by the Contractor shall be delivered and distributed at the Site by the Contractor so that each piece is unloaded opposite or near the place where it is to be placed in the trench.
- C. All pipe, fittings, valves, hydrants, and accessories shall be loaded and unloaded by lifting with hoists or skidding so as to avoid shock or damage. During freezing weather,

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valves shall be stored to prevent accumulation of water in housing which could freeze and damage valves. Under no circumstances shall materials dropped during handling be installed or be used in the Work.

- D. All pipes, valves, fittings, and all other materials used in the construction of the water lines shall be carefully inspected by the Contractor prior to installation. All defective materials shall be rejected.
- E. Proper materials, tools, and equipment shall be used by the Contractor to provide safe and convenient prosecution of the Work.

1.5 Manufacturer's Certification

If requested to do so, the Contractor shall furnish to the City a sworn statement from the product manufacturer, stating that inspection and all specified tests have been made on the supplied material and that the results thereof comply with all appropriate Specifications. The statement shall also state that all materials furnished are in accordance with these Specifications and that all materials are new.

PART 2 - MATERIALS

2.1 General

- A. The Contractor shall furnish and install water lines and valves of the size, type, class, and material as specified. Where no specific type of pipe is called for, the Contractor may select any type listed herein. Once a particular type and manufacturer is selected, the Contractor shall use that type for the entire Project.
- B. Materials and products which come into contact with drinking water supplied by public water systems or which come into contact with drinking water treatment chemicals used by public water systems shall meet the requirements of National Sanitation Foundation Standard 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects (latest version) or equivalent. These materials and products include, but are not limited to, process media, protective materials, joining and sealing materials, pipes and related products, and mechanical devices used in treatment, transmission, and distribution systems.

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2.2 Pipe

A. C900 PVC Pipe

PVC pipe for water lines shall conform to AWWA C900, DR 18 (235 psi) unless higher pressure classes are warranted. The pipe shall have flexible rubber gasketed joints conforming to ASTM D3139 and ASTM F477. Pipe shall be JM Eagle, North American Pipe Corporation, or approved equal. Pipe color shall be blue.

B. Ductile Iron Pipe

- Ductile iron pipe and fittings shall conform to AWWA C150, AWWA C115, AWWA C151, AWWA C153, and AWWA C110 and shall be minimum pressure Class 350 unless specified otherwise.
- 2. All ductile iron pipe shall have a bituminous sealed cement mortar lining conforming to AWWA C104 on the interior.
- 3. All joints unless otherwise specified shall be push-on rubber gasket joints conforming to AWWA C111 and shall be furnished complete with all necessary accessories.
 - a. Flanges for couplings and fittings shall conform to ANSI B16.1, 125-pound bolt hole template.
 - b. Mechanical joints shall conform to AWWA C111.
- 4. Where called for on the Drawings, restrained pipe joints shall be bell and spigot ductile iron with field installed gaskets, such as the FIELDLOK™ Gasket System as manufactured by United States Pipe and Foundry Company, or approved equal.
- 5. Restrained mechanical joints shall be equipped with a MEGALUG Series 1100 Mechanical Joint Restraint System as manufactured by EBAA Iron, Inc., or approved equal.
- 6. When flanged pipe is required, the Contractor shall provide the D.I. pipe class required by the flange manufacturer to ensure the pipe and flange units are compatible. These data shall be provided to the City or City Engineer for review prior to ordering these materials.

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C. High Density Polyethylene Pipe (HDPE)

HDPE pipe shall conform to AWWA C906 DR-11 (PE 4710) iron pipe size (IPS) for pipe diameters 4-inch or greater, or as called for on the Drawings. All joints shall be by the heat fusion method in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements. Fusion technicians who have been trained by the pipe manufacturer or by the fusion equipment manufacturer's representatives must conduct the butt fusion joining. Butt fusion shall be performed using suitable machinery approved by the pipe manufacturer. Fittings shall be standard commercial products manufactured by injection molding or by extrusion and machining or fabricated from AWWA C906 pipe or as called for on the Drawings. All fittings shall have the same pressure rating as the pipe unless otherwise specified on the Drawings. The Contractor shall provide detailed Shop Drawings for all joints and connections, including provisions for expansion and contraction as recommended by the pipe manufacturer.

D. HDPE Tubing for Service Lines

HDPE tubing for service lines shall be IPS meeting the requirements of AWWA C901 and ASTM D2239, SIDR 7 (PE 4710), rated for 200 psi working pressure. Stainless steel inserts shall be installed at all compression fittings.

E. Galvanized Pipe for Service Lines

Galvanized wrought iron pipe, when required, shall conform to ASTM A120.

2.3 Fittings for PVC Pipe

A. General

- 1. Unless specified otherwise, all fittings such as elbows, tees, crosses, valves, etc., shall have mechanical joints conforming to AWWA C111 and shall be short-bodied compact ductile iron fittings conforming to AWWA C153, Class 350.
- 2. When called for, flanged cast iron fittings shall conform to AWWA C110 with ANSI B16.1, 125-pound bolt hole template.
- 3. All fittings shall be cement mortar lined in accordance with AWWA C104.
- 4. Gaskets shall be either ring or full faced, 1/8-inch thick conforming to AWWA C111, Appendix B.

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B. Restrained Pipe Joints and Fittings

1. Restrained Push-on Joint Pipe

When restrained joint ductile iron pipe is required, the pipe shall be the same class and type as the ductile iron pipe specified herein. Joints shall be Tyton Joint with Field Lok 350 gaskets, or approved equal. The restraint shall be boltless, integral restraining system, rated for 350 psi in accordance with the performance requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11.

2. Restrained Fittings

All mechanical joint fittings called out to be restrained shall be equipped with a MEGALUG Series 1100 mechanical joint restraint system as manufactured by EBAA Iron, Inc., or approved equal.

C. Water Main Couplings

- 1. Water main couplings shall be fabricated steel "Dresser" style couplings, or approved equal, conforming to AWWA C219.
- 2. The Contractor shall provide the appropriate coupling and gaskets as required to match the water line types and sizes being utilized.
- 3. Couplings shall be rated for the working pressure of the pipe main for which they will be utilized.

2.4 Valves

A. Gate Valves

- Gate valves 2 inches and smaller shall be all bronze, non-rising stem, conforming to Manufacturers Standardization Society (MSS) SP-80, Class A rated for a minimum working pressure of 125 psi.
- 2. Gate valves 2-1/2-inch to 12-inch shall conform to AWWA C509 or C515. Valves shall be designed for 200 psi minimum working pressure and shall be of iron body, resilient wedge, non-rising stem construction. Valves shall be equipped with O-ring type packing. The valve shall have a 2-inch AWWA operating nut for buried service. The valve ends shall be of the type required to match the pipe to

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which they will be connected. Valves shall have mechanical joint connections, unless called for otherwise. Valves shall be resilient wedge, Kennedy KSRW or KSFW, M&H Style 4067 or 7000, Clow, or equal.

- 3. Gate valves 14-inch and 16-inch shall meet or exceed the requirements of AWWA C509 and shall also conform to the applicable requirements of AWWA C500. Valves shall be designed for 200 psi minimum working pressure and shall be of iron body, resilient wedge, non-rising stem construction. Valves shall be equipped with O-ring stem seal. The valve shall have a 2-inch AWWA operating nut. The valve ends shall be of the type required to match the pipe to which they will be connected. Valves shall be Metroseal 250 as manufactured by U.S. Pipe or approved equal.
- 4. Gate valves 18 inches and larger shall conform to AWWA C500. Valves shall be designed for 150 psi minimum working pressure and shall be of iron body, double disk, parallel seat, bronze mounted, non-rising stem construction. Valves shall be equipped with O-ring type packing. The valve shall have a 2-inch AWWA operating nut. The valve ends shall be of the type required to match the pipe to which they will be connected. Valve shall be M&H NRS Style 67 or equal.

B. Ball Valves

Ball valves 2 inches and smaller shall be bronze, conforming to Federal Specifications MSS SP-72 and MSS SP-110 rated for a minimum working pressure of 125 psi.

C. Butterfly Valves

- 1. All butterfly valves shall be of the rubber-seated tight-closing type that shall meet or exceed the requirements of AWWA C504. All valves shall be M&H 4500, Clow 4500, or approved equal.
- 2. The valve shall be for buried service with a sealed gear operator having 2-inch AWWA operating nut and shall open counter-clockwise.
- 3. The valve ends shall be of type required to match the pipe to which they will be connected.

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D. Cast Iron Valve Box

- 1. Each valve shall be equipped with an adjustable cast iron box of the sliding type with a base large enough to cover the top casting of the valve.
- 2. The diameter of the valve box shall be not less than 5 inches, and shall be of such length so as to provide the depth of cover over the pipe without full extension.

2.5 Fire Hydrants

- A. Fire hydrants shall conform to AWWA C502 and shall have 5-1/4-inch main valve opening, two 2-1/2-inch NST nozzles with STORZ couplings and one 4-1/2-inch NST pumper nozzle with STORZ coupling. Operating nut shall be 1-1/2-inch pentagon. Fire hydrants shall be Kennedy K-81 Guardian, or equal.
- B. All hydrants shall have a minimum depth of bury of 48 inches. Where conditions require, hydrant extensions shall be provided and installed to provide the proper placement and installation of the hydrant.
- C. Hydrants shall receive factory coats of yellow enamel paint and shall also receive an additional field coat after installation.
- D. All hydrants shall be of the traffic model type.

2.6 Combination Air Release Valves

Air Release Valves shall generally be a combination air and vacuum type such as APCO No. 143 C, ValMatic No. 201C, or approved equal, designed for 150 psi operating pressure. Air Release Valves shall be sized and installed per the manufacturer's recommendations.

2.7 Service Saddles

- A. Service saddles shall have a ductile iron body, wide stainless steel band, and stainless steel bolts and nuts. Service saddles shall be Ford FS101 style for 3/4-inch and 1-inch taps and Ford FS202 for all taps larger than 1 inch, or approved equal.
- B. Saddle sizes and threads shall be AWWA compatible with the pipe type and sizes being utilized.
- C. Service saddles are not required for ductile iron pressure class pipe for taps 1-inch and less. Service saddles are required for ductile iron pressure class pipe for taps greater

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than 1-inch. Service saddles used on PVC water mains shall be specifically sized at the factory for the type of PVC water main used.

2.8 Corporation Stops

- A. Corporation stops shall be brass ball valve stops complying with AWWA C800. Corporation stops shall be Ford ball corp or approved equal.
- B. Inlet threads and outlet connections shall be as required for type and size of water service lines and service saddles being utilized.

2.9 Curb Stops

- A. Curb stops shall be Ford brass ball valves or approved equal.
- B. Valve configuration, inlet, and outlet requirements shall be as required for the size and type of water service lines and setters being utilized.

2.10 Service Line Couplings

- A. Service line couplings shall be Ford pack joint couplings or approved equal.
- B. Provide appropriate coupling as required to match water service line types and sizes being utilized. Appropriate stainless steel insert stiffeners shall be used for all PVC pipe and polyethylene tubing.
- C. Where metal pipe of dissimilar type are being connected, an insulating adaptor gasket such as Dresser Style 65, or approved equal, shall be utilized to prevent galvanic corrosion.

2.11 Curb Stop Box

- A. Each curb stop shall be equipped with an adjustable cast iron box of the sliding type and shall be of such length so as to provide the depth of cover over the pipe without full extension.
- B. The curb stop box shall be equal to Ford Arch Pattern Curb Boxes with 1-inch upper section and stationary rod and Type PS plug style lid with pentagon bolt, or approved equal.

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C. For service curb stops larger than 1-inch, a curb box base, Ford CB-7, shall also be provided.

2.12 Meter Setters

- A. Meter setters for 1-inch and smaller meters shall be Ford 70 Series Coppersetters or approved equal.
- B. Meter setters for 1-1/2-inch or 2-inch water meters shall be Ford Coppersetters or approved equal.
- C. A Ford angle meter ball valve shall be provided on the meter inlet and a Ford cartridge dual check valve shall be provided on the meter outlet.
- D. Provide appropriate meter setter heights, sizes, and connections, etc., as required for the meter and water service lines sizes and types being utilized.
- E. Schedule 40 PVC 1-inch pipe shall also be installed in the setter pipe eyelets to increase the stability of the meter setting.

2.13 Automated Metering Reading (AMR) System

A. Water Meters

- 1. Water meters for 5/8-inch x 3/4-inch, 3/4-, and 1-inch sizes shall be Sensus SRII TouchRead™, or approved equal.
- 2. Water meters for 1-1/2- and 2-inch sizes shall be Sensus OMNI TouchRead™, or approved equal.
- 3. For 3-inch size, the meter shall be Sensus Series "W" turbo meter with AMR.
- 4. Meters shall meet or exceed the requirements of AWWA C700 latest revision. All meters shall read in gallons.
- 5. All meters shall be 5/8-inch x 3/4-inch size unless specifically called for otherwise on the Drawings.
- B. TouchRead™ AMR System. The Contractor shall furnish the water meters with AMR system registers compatible with the TouchRead™ system. The Electronic

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Communication Register (ECR) shall be included with each meter and shall include the touch or inductive pad.

2.14 Water Meter Box and Cover

- A. Water meter box for 3/4-inch and smaller meters shall be 12-inch x 20-inch; for non-traffic areas, it shall be rotocast polyethylene material with polymer concrete frame; for incidental traffic areas, it shall be polymer concrete "RPM" body and frame; all as manufactured by Old Castle, or equal. The box shall be equipped with mouse holes. The lid shall be 12-inch x 20-inch Carson HD cover. Provide cover for type of meter being installed, i.e., hinged meter read lid, drilled touch read pad, etc. Where required by the City, the box and lid shall be upgraded to the 20K traffic-rated box and cover.
- B. For 1- and 1-1/2-inch meters, the box shall be 17-inch x 30-inch; for non-traffic areas, it shall be rotocast polyethylene material with polymer concrete frame; for incidental traffic areas, it shall be polymer concrete "RPM" body and frame; all as manufactured by Old Castle, or equal. The box shall be equipped with mouse holes. The lid shall be 17-inch x 30-inch Carson HD cover. Provide cover for type of meter being installed, i.e., hinged meter read lid, drilled touch read pad, etc. Where required by the City, the box and lid shall be upgraded to the 20K traffic-rated box and cover.

2.15 Locating Wire

- A. Locating wire shall be a minimum of 12 awg UF solid copper with blue colored insulation. The use of THHN wire will not be acceptable. The silicone splice kit shall be 3M Splice Kit DBR/Y-6 or approved equal.
- B. Where location wire is to be secured to the exterior of fire hydrants, valve boxes, posts, etc., stainless steel pipe straps shall be used.

2.16 Thrust and Anchor Blocks and Concrete Collars

- A. Concrete used for thrust and anchor blocks, and concrete collars shall be Portland Cement concrete with a 28-day compressive strength of 2,500 psi. Concrete thrust blocks shall cure for 3 to 5 days before hydrostatic or leakage testing of pipelines.
- B. Anchor rods shall be 3/4-inch diameter galvanized steel or epoxy coated reinforcement bar conforming to AASHTO M 284, embedded a minimum of 18 inches in the concrete.

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2.17 Water Line Blowoff

Water line blowoff assemblies shall be Kupferle Mainguard 2-inch blowoff hydrant Model No. 77 or approved equal.

2.18 Water Line Marker

Water line markers shall be prefabricated fiberglass construction and shall include the label "Warning: Water Pipeline."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 Trench Excavation and Backfill

Trench excavation and backfill shall be performed as specified in the Technical Specifications for "Excavation and Backfill of Trenches."

3.2 Record Drawings

The requirements for Record Drawings, etc., as required in the General Requirements shall be carefully complied with.

3.3 Installation of Pipe

- A. Water pipe shall be installed in accordance with best current practices as required by the manufacturer and as specified herein. PVC pipe installation shall conform to the Uni-Bell Plastic Pipe Association, "Guide for Installation of PVC Pressure Pipe for Municipal Water Main Distribution Systems" and also AWWA M23 "PVC Pipe Design and Installation." Ductile iron pipe installation shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C600.
- B. Water pipe shall be installed with bell ends laid facing in the direction of laying unless directed otherwise by the City or City Engineer. Each pipe shall be properly bedded so as to be supported for the full length of the pipe. A suitable foundation shall be achieved by a slight excavation under the bell at each joint. All rubber ring joints shall be lubricated and installed in accordance with the installation instructions of the pipe manufacturer, taking particular care to avoid pinching or otherwise causing damage to the rubber ring. All joints shall be free of dirt and other foreign matter prior to the joining of the next pipe.

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- C. Water lines shall be installed to the minimum depths called for on the Drawings and to the lines and grades when shown.
 - 1. It shall be recognized that water line depths may vary from the minimum depths shown when adjustment of grade is required to avoid conflict with existing utilities.
 - 2. Additional fittings may also be required when a grade adjustment is required.
- D. No pipe shall be installed in water or when conditions exist that, in the opinion of the City or City Engineer, are unsuitable for the laying of the pipe.
 - 1. At times when pipe laying is not in progress, the open ends of pipe shall be closed by a watertight plug or other approved means.
 - 2. If there is water in the trench, the seal should remain in place until the trench is dewatered sufficiently to prevent groundwater from entering the pipe.

 Adequate provisions shall be made by the Contractor for final disposal of the groundwater pumped from trenches.
- E. All pipe shall be installed true to line. The Contractor may install a pipeline on a curve when called for on the Drawings or when approved by the City or City Engineer.
 - 1. For rubber gasketed ductile iron pipe installed on a curve, the pipe shall be joined in a straight alignment, then deflected. The amount of deflection shall not exceed 80 percent of the recommended maximum deflection specified in AWWA C600.
 - 2. For PVC pipe installed on a curve, deflection of the pipe shall be achieved by bending the pipe within the limitations specified by the pipe manufacturer. Joint deflection of PVC pipe is not allowed.

3.4 Thrust and Anchor Blocks

- A. Thrust and anchor blocks shall be constructed as shown on the City Standard Drawings and placed at all changes in direction, all changes in the diameter of the pipe, all deadends as required by the City or City Engineer.
- B. All thrust blocks shall be placed between the undisturbed ground and the fitting to be anchored. Plastic sheeting shall be used to provide a bonding barrier between the

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fittings and the concrete. The quantity of concrete and the area of bearing on the soil shall be as approved by the City or City Engineer.

- C. All thrust blocks shall be placed so that the entire pipe and fitting joints will be accessible for repairs. Bolts for mechanical and flange fittings and fire hydrant weep holes shall not be covered with concrete. All bolts shall be accessible and removable without interference from the thrust block.
- D. Thrust blocks may not be required where approved restraint joint pipe and fittings are utilized.
- E. Concrete thrust blocks shall cure for 3 to 5 days before hydrostatic or leakage testing of pipelines unless otherwise approved by the City or City Engineer.
- F. No backfill of thrust blocks shall occur until the Work has been observed by the City or City Engineer.

3.5 Locating Wire

- A. A continuous solid copper locating wire shall be placed along the top of all water pipe, including service lines. This wire shall be secured to the top of the pipe at maximum 10-foot intervals using 6-inch strips of 2-inch wide duct tape. All splices shall be electrically continuous. At all splices the connecting ends of the wires shall be overlapped and tied. The ends shall be stripped and connected with a wire nut to ensure an electrical connection and made waterproof with an approved silicone splice kit. Access to terminal ends of the locating wire shall be made at all valve boxes, meter boxes, fire hydrants, vaults, etc. The result of this installation shall be a continuous wire circuit electrically isolated from ground.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for testing continuity and for testing isolation from ground in the wire after all Work has been completed on the test section. The Contractor is advised to do intermediate testing on their own after backfilling operations and prior to surface restoration work to be sure continuity is maintained. If there is a break or defect in the wire, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to locate and repair the defect.
- C. The continuity of the location wire shall be tested from one test load point to the next by use of a temporary wire laid between test points in-line with an ohmmeter.

 Resistance shall be measured with an approved ohmmeter that has been properly calibrated. The continuity of a test section will be accepted if the resistance of the test

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section does not exceed 5 ohms per 500 feet of location wire being tested. Isolation from ground shall be measured with a megohmmeter and shall be a minimum of 20 megohms for any section of location wire tested. The City or City Engineer shall witness the acceptance test. The wire and installation shall be included in the water line bid item price. No separate payment shall be made.

3.6 Service Connections

The Contractor shall connect service lines to new or existing water mains as shown on the City Standard Drawings. This Work includes the installation of a saddle and corporation stop, and making the connection. The Work will include potholing to locate any existing pipeline or service lines as required so the service connection can be performed.

3.7 Service Lines

- A. The installation of new service lines and the connecting of existing service lines shall be performed in accordance with the City Standard Drawings, manufacturer requirements, and as specified herein. Water service lines shall be laid by placing the pipe on the trench bottom with sufficient slack to prevent pulling apart of the joints when the backfill is placed. Splices shall be kept to an absolute minimum. If required, they shall be made using brass compression joint couplings, Ford Pack Joint or approved equal.
- B. When constructing a new water line to replace an existing line, the existing water line shall remain in service until the new water line has been tested, disinfected and approved by the City or City Engineer. When possible, the existing line and new line shall both be in operation during the transfer of service lines. The transfer shall be made so that the interruption of water service to the utility customer is held to a minimum. All service lines shall be thoroughly flushed before connecting to existing lines or meters.
- C. The locations of service lines are approximate and may vary from the locations provided. The City will assist the Contractor in locating service lines; however, the primary responsibility for performing excavation work to locate existing lines will be the Contractor's.
- D. The Work includes potholing to locate any existing pipelines or service lines as may be required so the service lines can be installed. The Work also includes connecting to the existing service lines when required.
- E. When existing service lines will be utilized, and if the Contractor encounters an existing service line which appears to be in poor or unserviceable condition, the Contractor shall

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promptly contact the City. If the City determines that a portion of the existing service line needs replacement, the Contractor shall install a new service line and shall be compensated appropriately.

3.8 Service Lines by Boring and Open Trench Methods

A. It is the general intent to try and install service lines under paved streets by boring where possible. A pneumatic boring tool or other approved method will be used to install service lines under all paved streets. There may be areas where it is not possible to bore due to ground conditions which interfere in the operation.

Where requested by the City, the Contractor shall attempt to bore under paved streets. In areas where it appears that boring will be difficult as determined by the City and the Contractor, the service lines shall be installed by the open trench method. The Contractor shall make two attempts, if required, to bore under paved streets. If the second attempt fails, the Contractor shall install the service line by the open trench method.

- B. The Contractor shall take care to not damage other utilities which might exist in the area. Prior to boring, the Contractor shall pothole to locate existing utilities. "Blindboring" is not allowed. Repairs for damage to other utilities shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.
- C. Service lines to be installed in areas not under asphalt streets may be installed by either open trenching or boring as the Contractor may elect. All service lines shall be thoroughly flushed before connecting to existing lines or meters.

3.9 Valves and Valve Boxes

- A. Valves and valve boxes shall be installed as shown on the City Standard Drawings. All valves and valve boxes shall be set plumb. The valve box shall be centered over the valve operator and free of any obstruction which would prevent operation of the valve nut.
- B. If the bury depth of the valve is greater than 4-1/2 feet, a valve operator extension shall be provided to within 1 foot of finish grade. The extension shall be permanently attached to the valve operator and a self-centering device shall be provided near the top of the valve operator extension. The box cover shall be flush with the finished grade. A concrete collar, where required, shall be installed.

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3.10 Fire Hydrants

- A. Hydrant installation shall conform with AWWA Manual M17 and AWWA C600, and shall be as shown on the City Standard Drawings. Extensions required for hydrant adjustment shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications.
- B. Hydrants may be installed on new water mains installed as part of the Work, or on existing mains. Special attention shall be given when installing hydrants on existing mains to ensure that adequate thrust restraint is being achieved as the hydrants can be placed in service before normal cast-in-place thrust blocks can achieve the required strength. The block and plug shall be held securely by temporary thrust block or other approved method, such as precast thrust blocks, restraining rods, etc.
- C. The newly installed hydrants shall be covered in a manner acceptable to the City until they are placed into permanent service.

3.11 Removal of Existing Fire Hydrants

- A. All hydrants removed shall remain the property of the City and shall be delivered and properly stacked at a site designated by the City.
- B. After the old hydrant is removed, the lead line, if it is to be abandoned, shall be plugged at the main line tee with a watertight plug and thrust block. When the lead pipe is connected to a water main which is being abandoned, it will not need a thrust block.
- C. The Contractor shall apply black paint the same day the existing hydrant is disconnected from service; otherwise, mark the hydrant in a manner acceptable to the City.

3.12 Connections to Existing Lines

- A. The size, type, class, and location of existing lines and associated fittings, where shown, has been obtained from Record Drawings and other municipal records. It is expected that there may be some discrepancies and omissions in the information shown. Therefore, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to excavate and inspect existing water lines requiring a connection in order to determine the exact fittings needed.
- B. In connecting to existing lines, the Contractor may select the combination of fittings they wish to use, subject to approval by the City. Approved fabricated steel couplings,

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repair bands, transition couplings, or tapping sleeves are among the options available to the Contractor.

- C. Proper disinfection, as described hereafter, shall always be accomplished. The Contractor shall provide watertight plugs and thrust restraints, as required, to cap old lines after they are disconnected.
- D. The Contractor shall provide special attention in providing thrust restraint for fittings installed as part of a connection to an existing line, when such connection will be placed into service before normal cast-in-place thrust blocks can achieve required strength. In such cases thrust restrained joints, precast thrust blocks, etc., must be utilized to provide thrust restraint. Methods used by the Contractor shall be approved by the City.
- E. The Contractor shall not interrupt service for the purpose of connecting to an existing line until they have excavated the required location, visually inspected the connection point, and verified that they have available on the Site all fittings required for completion of the connection or connections. Isolation of a section of line to be modified will be accomplished by the Contractor only after consultation with the City for the purpose of determining the proper valves to close to effect the isolation. The Contractor shall cooperate with the City in accomplishing this isolation. When Work is started on a connection, it shall proceed continuously without interruption, and as rapidly as possible until completed. If the connection involves turning off the water, the Contractor shall be responsible for notifying the residents affected by the shutoff. See the "Existing Utilities" section of the General Requirements.

3.13 Water Meter Installation

The Contractor shall furnish all materials required and shall install the water meters as shown on the City Standard Drawings and specified herein. Water meter installations shall include appropriate meter box and cover, coppersetter, yokes, and fittings, and shall include the water meter. Meter boxes shall be set plumb with cover level and with equal clearance on all sides between the box and the plumbing.

3.14 Water-Sewer Line Crossings

A. Wherever possible, the bottom of the new water line shall be 1.5 feet or more above the top of any sanitary sewer line. One full length of water line shall be centered at all sewer crossings when the vertical separation is less than 1.5 feet.

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- B. Where the water line crosses over an existing sanitary sewer line but with a clearance of less than 1.5 feet, the sewer line shall be exposed to the sewer line joints on both sides of the crossing to permit examination of the sewer pipe.
 - 1. If the sewer pipe is in good condition and there is no evidence of leakage from the sewer line as observed by the City or City Engineer, the 1.5-foot separation may be reduced.
 - 2. When the vertical separation is less than 1.5 feet, the Contractor shall center one full length of the new water pipe over the sewer line.
 - 3. If the City or City Engineer determines that the conditions are not favorable or finds evidence of leakage from the sewer line, the sewer line shall be replaced with a full length of PVC pressure pipe (as specified herein) centered at the crossing point.
 - 4. When new sewer pipelines are installed as a part of the Project, it will not be necessary to expose the new sewer pipe to verify the pipes condition.
- C. Where the water line crosses under the sanitary sewer line, the Contractor shall expose the existing sewer line and examine it as indicated above.
 - 1. If conditions are favorable and there is no evidence of leakage from the sewer line, the sewer line may be left in place but must be supported with a steel beam, reinforced concrete beam, or other means of preventing settlement when it spans the water line trench, and special precautions must be taken to assure that the backfill material over the water line in the vicinity of the crossing is thoroughly compacted in order to prevent settlement which could result in the leakage of sewage. In this situation, the Contractor shall center one length of the new water line at the crossing.
 - 2. If the City or City Engineer determines that conditions are not favorable or finds evidence of leakage from the sewer line, then the sewer line at the crossing shall be replaced as indicated above.
- D. When constructing water service lines, the City or City Engineer may require the depth of the service line to be revised in order to eliminate the need for a water-sewer line crossing.

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3.15 Capping Existing Water Mains and Services

- A. When required, the Contractor shall cap an existing water main or service tap when an existing main or service is to be taken out of service. Each location will require different types of fittings, etc., to accomplish the Work. All caps are to be permanent and watertight. When required, thrust restraints shall be provided. Corporation stops on service taps shall be in "off" position and an approved watertight cap installed.
- B. Unless specified otherwise, the capping shall be performed at the connection to the water main which is to remain in service. No stubbed water mains or service lines shall be left in the ground unless approved otherwise by the City or City Engineer. The Contractor shall excavate and expose the piping to be capped, perform the Work, and backfill as required.

3.16 Abandoned Water Lines

- A. The existing water lines to be taken out of service are to remain in service until the new lines are properly installed and tested, and water services have been connected.

 Approval from the City or City Engineer shall be obtained before any line is abandoned.
- B. The existing lines shall then be abandoned and their actual location and abandoned designation recorded on all Record Drawings.
- C. Unless called for otherwise, the abandoned lines will remain in the ground. The ends of all pipes which are abandoned shall be plugged with concrete or other methods approved by the City or City Engineer.

3.17 Air Release Valves

Air release valves shall be installed as required by the manufacturer and as shown on the City Standard Drawings.

3.18 Removal and Salvage of Water Main Appurtenances, Fittings, and Other Items

A. The Contractor shall remove all existing valves, hydrants, and fittings as required to properly perform the Work. All such materials shall be transported to an area designated by the City and stockpiled. Materials shall be removed and handled in such a manner which will prevent damage.

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- B. All other existing valves and hydrants not used in the new system or specified for removal will be removed by the City after the new system is in operation. Salvaged material shall remain the property of the City.
- C. The abandoned existing pipe is to remain in the ground, unless otherwise specified.
- D. The Contractor shall apply black paint the same day to all existing hydrants when permanently disconnected from service.

3.19 Work with Existing Asbestos Cement (A/C) Pipe

- A. When working with A/C pipe, the Contractor shall take all precautions necessary to reduce airborne asbestos during construction. The Contractor will be required to contact the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), file an ASN 6 notification form, and follow Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) 340-248, Asbestos Requirements. The Contractor may initiate consultation with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) prior to construction, if necessary. Any work to be performed on existing A/C pipe shall be completed in accordance with American Water Works Association Guidelines and DEQ guidance document, "How to Remove Nonfriable Asbestos Cement Pipe," and OSHA requirements.
- B. The Contractor shall cut asbestos cement pipe by using snap cutters only. The use of carbide-tipped cutting blades or high speed, abrasive disks shall not be permitted as a means of cutting A/C pipe. Machining of this pipe shall be done with a manual or power-driven field lathe, or with a manual rasp.
- C. Hole cutting shall be accomplished with a tapping machine. Use of shell cutters, rasps, chisels, electric drills, right angle sanders, or other high speed abrasive tools shall not be permitted. Uncoupling of asbestos cement pipe shall be accomplished with a hammer and chisel. Use of abrasive disc cutters, right angle sanders, or other high speed abrasive tools shall not be permitted.
- D. Dust and cuttings from all Work shall be removed by wet mopping.
- E. All waste material shall be collected in a covered container and disposed at a landfill certified by the state or EPA to accept demolition waste.

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3.20 Repair of Unmarked Water Lines

- A. The specific location, pipe size, type and bury depth of every existing water main and service may not be known. Prior to construction, the City will mark the location of known water lines with paint.
- B. The Contractor shall perform appropriate exploratory work to locate utilities when they are known to exist but the specific location is unknown or not marked accurately.
- C. Contractor shall repair the water main or service coupling using materials approved by the City or City Engineer.

3.21 Water Line Marker

The Contractor shall furnish and place water line markers at locations shown on the City Standard Drawings and as directed by the City to mark the locations of certain valves and other appurtenances.

3.22 Testing and Disinfection

A. General

The Contractor shall furnish all necessary equipment and other apparatus, including gauges, necessary to properly perform the testing and disinfection of water lines as specified. Lines to be tested include mains and service lines. Each section of the lines, before being tested and placed into service, shall be isolated and slowly filled with water. Air should be expelled from the line through hydrants or taps made at the high points. The City shall have the option of requiring the use of their own gauges. Water mains shall be generally tested in sections between valves and as the Work progresses. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the length, timing, and section of lines to be tested, unless otherwise noted. When appropriate, testing intermediate sections of long lines should be considered. The Contractor shall provide any temporary test heads, fittings, blocking, etc., as may be required to properly test any given water main section. The Contractor shall be responsible for locating and repairing any defects in the water mains which fail to pass the required test.

B. Acceptance Test

The Contractor shall perform all preliminary testing required to determine that the lines to be tested are acceptable and comply with the requirements of this section of the

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Specifications. After the Contractor has determined that the lines will pass the required test, the Contractor shall arrange for an acceptance test to be witnessed by the City or City Engineer. The lines will not be accepted until the acceptance test has been witnessed and documented as passing. Forms for performing the various tests are included at the end of this Technical Specification for use and reference by the Contractor.

C. Hydrostatic Testing of Pressure Lines

All lines shall be pressure tested at 150 psi gauge or 1.5 times the actual working pressure, whichever is greater, for one hour, unless otherwise indicated. Any cracked or defective pipe, joints, or fittings shall be removed and replaced.

D. Leakage Test

Each section of the line, after all backfill and compaction work has been completed and before being placed into service, shall be tested for leakage for a period of two hours at a minimum average gauge pressure of 100 psi. Leakage is defined as the quantity of water supplied into the section of line being tested, during and at the end of the test, that quantity being such that the pressure at the end of the test is equal to the pressure at the beginning of the test. Should any test disclose leakage greater than that specified, the Contractor shall locate and repair the defective joints until the leakage is within the specified allowance.

PVC Pipe: L =
$$ND\sqrt{P}$$
 DI Pipe: L = $SD\sqrt{P}$ 133,200

In which:

L = Allowable Leakage Gal/Hr

S = Length of Pipe Tested in Ft.

N = Number of Joints or Connections

D = Nominal Diameter in Inches

P = Gauge Pressure in psi

E. Disinfection of Potable Water Mains

1. Each section of the line, before being placed into service, shall be thoroughly flushed and disinfected in accordance with current regulations of the Oregon Health Authority - Drinking Water Services (DWS), specifically Oregon

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Administrative Rule, Section 333-061-0050(10) Construction Standards. The DWS standards at the time of publication of these City Standards read as follows:

"(10) Disinfection of facilities:

- (a) Following construction or installation of new facilities and repairs to existing facilities, those portions of the facilities which will be in contact with water delivered to users must be cleaned and flushed with potable water and disinfected according to AWWA Standards C651 through C654 before they are placed into service. Disinfection must be by chlorine unless another disinfectant can be demonstrated to be equally effective.
- (b) For construction of new distribution pipelines (with any associated service connections and other appurtenances installed at the time of construction), disinfection by chlorination must be conducted as specified in paragraphs (A) through (C) of this subsection unless another method from AWWA Standard C651 is used.
 - (A) A solution with a free chlorine residual of 25 mg/l must be introduced to the pipe such that the solution will contact all surfaces and trapped air will be eliminated. The solution must remain in place for at least 24 hours.
 - (B) After 24 hours, if the free chlorine residual is 10 mg/l or greater, the chlorine solution must be drained and the pipe flushed with potable water. If the free chlorine residual is less than 10 mg/l after 24-hours, the pipe must be flushed and rechlorinated until a free chlorine residual of 10 mg/l or more is present after a 24 hour period.
 - (C) After the pipe is disinfected, flushed and filled with potable water, bacteriological samples must be collected to determine the procedures' effectiveness. At least two samples must be collected from the new pipe at least 16 hours apart and analyzed for coliform bacteria. If the pipe has held potable water for at least 16 hours before sample collection, two samples may be collected at least 15 minutes apart while the sample tap is left running. If the results of both analyses indicate

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the water is free of coliform bacteria, the pipe may be put into service. If either sample indicates the presence of coliform bacteria, the disinfection and flushing process must be repeated until samples are free of coliform.

- (c) For repaired pipelines that were depressurized and wholly or partly dewatered during repair or that likely experienced contamination during repair, disinfection according to the procedure specified in paragraphs (10)(b)(A) through (C) of this rule must be followed except that bacteriological samples must be collected downstream of the repair site. If the direction of flow is unknown, samples must be collected on each side of the repair site.
- (d) A water line may be returned to service, following repairs or routine maintenance, prior to receiving a report on the bacteriological analysis if the following procedures have been completed:
 - (A) Customer meters were shut off prior to placing the water line out of service;
 - (B) The area below the water line to be repaired was excavated and dewatered;
 - (C) The exposed pipe was treated with a hypochlorite solution;
 - (D) The water line was flushed thoroughly, and a concentration of residual chlorine has been re-established that is comparable to the level normally maintained by the water system, if applicable; and
 - (E) Bacteriological analysis has been conducted as a record of repair effectiveness."
- 2. When fittings, service lines, or other components of the water system (i.e., fittings used to connect to an existing main) are not disinfected in conjunction with the water mains, the Contractor shall disinfect these items using a 300 mg/L minimum chlorine solution. These items shall be flushed or otherwise coated with the chlorine solution in such a manner that will result in thorough wetting of all surfaces on the inside of these items. These items shall have at least

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15 minutes of contact time with the chlorine solution prior to flushing/rinsing and being put into service.

- 3. After disinfection, the Contractor shall collect bacteriological samples for testing in the presence of the City or City Engineer. A minimum of two samples shall be taken every 1,000 feet of water line to be tested. The City or City Engineer may require additional samples to be taken if the section to be tested is complex and proper disinfection could be difficult. The analysis shall be performed by a laboratory certified by the DWS or the EPA. The cost of the bacteriological testing(s) is to be paid by the Contractor. If positive results are obtained, the system shall be disinfected again by the Contractor, at their own expense. Bacteriological samples will again be collected in the presence of the City or City Engineer and resubmitted for testing. This shall be repeated until negative results are obtained. The method of disinfecting and the chlorination materials used are subject to the approval of the City or City Engineer. Disinfection by introducing granular or tablet chlorine compounds in each pipe length is not an acceptable method of disinfection.
- 4. The results of all bacteriological tests shall be submitted to the City or City Engineer. No section of pipe shall be placed into service until acceptable bacteriological tests have been obtained.
- 5. Disposal of any water containing chlorine shall be performed in accordance with AWWA C651, Section 4.5.2, and any other local requirements. Disposal may be made into existing sanitary sewer systems providing approvals are obtained from the respective sewerage agency. Any chlorinated water discharged to open stream channels must be dechlorinated prior to discharge.

3.23 Restoration, Finishing, and Cleanup

- A. The Contractor shall restore or replace all paved surfaces, graveled surfaces, curbing, sidewalks, trees, shrubbery, lawns, pastures, fences, and other existing facilities equal to their original condition.
- B. All surplus material and temporary structures as well as excess excavation shall be removed and the entire Site of Contractor operations shall be left in a neat and clean condition.
- C. Also see Technical Specifications "Excavation and Backfill of Trenches" and Technical Specifications "Surface Restoration" for specific requirements.

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END OF SECTION

TEST WORKSHEET FOR THE WATER LINES - LEAKAGE TEST

Project Name								
			Job No					
		-17						
Hydrostatic Test								
Test Pressure			_					
Time Test Started		***************************************	_					
Time Test Completed								
TOTAL TIME			_minutes					
Test Passed	□ Yes □	No						
Leakage Test (Min. Test Pressure 100 psi)								
	PVC Pipe: L =	<u>ND √ P</u> 7,400	DI Pipe: L = $SD\sqrt{P}$ 133,200					
	In which:							
	L =	Allowable Lea	akage Gal/Hr					

S = Length of Pipe Tested in Ft.

N = Number of Joints or Connections

D = Nominal Diameter in Inches

P = Gauge Pressure in psi

Allowable Leakage

Pipe Section Nominal Diameter			er of Joints or nnections	Length of Pipe	Allowable Leakage
		<u></u>			
- Address - Addr					
Total Allowable Leak	age	gal/hr			
Time Test Started			Total Leak	age Measured	gal.
Time Test Complete	d	,	Total Leak	age Measured/Gal=_	gal/hr
	TOTAL T	ime	mins	Time (hr.)	
Test Passed	□ Yes □	□No			
Engineer's Represer	ntative Signature _				

Note: See Technical Specifications for directions of use.